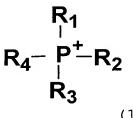
## CLAIMS

1. A polyester resin composition which is a resin composition comprising a polyester and a laminar silicate that is 60-100% modified by an organic phosphonium ion represented by formula (1) below, wherein the content of said laminar silicate is 0.01-20 wt% as inorganic ash and the terminal OH group content is 0.1-45 eq/ton.



- (wherein  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$  and  $R_4$  each independently represent a C1-30 hydrocarbon group or a hetero atom-containing hydrocarbon group, and any from among  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$  and  $R_4$  may form a ring.)
- 2. A polyester resin composition according to claim 1, wherein the polyester is one or more selected from the 15 group consisting of polyethylene terephthalate, polytrimethylene terephthalate, polybutylene terephthalate and polyethylene-2,6-naphthalate.
- 3. A polyester resin composition according to claim 1, characterized in that the temperature for 5% weight 20 loss of the laminar silicate modified with an organic phosphonium ion as measured with a Thermo Gravimetric Analysis at a temperature-elevating rate of 20°C/min in a nitrogen atmosphere is 310°C or higher.
- 25 4. A polyester resin composition according to claim 1, which comprises at least 50% of a laminar silicate with an interlayer distance  $d_{B}$  of 2.0 nm or greater calculated from the X-ray diffraction peak, and wherein the average number of layers  $N_B$  of the laminar silicate calculated by

the Scherrer formula based on the line diffraction peak and its full width of half maximum intensity is no greater than 5.

- 5. A polyester resin composition according to claim 1, characterized in that the calcium content of the laminar silicate is no greater than 0.5% as the elemental proportion measured by fluorescent X-ray analysis.
  - 6. A polyester resin composition according to claim 1, characterized in that the quartz content is no greater than 0.009 wt%.
  - · 7. A molded article composed of a polyester resin composition according to claim 1.
  - 8. A molded article according to claim 7, which is a film.
- 9. A molded article according to claim 8, wherein the diffraction peak intensity between layers of the laminar silicate in X-ray diffraction in the cross-sectional direction of the film is such that the orientation factor fc in formula (5) below is no greater than 0.8.

$$fc = \frac{3 < \cos^2 \phi > c - 1}{2}, \quad < \cos^2 \phi > c = \frac{\int_0^{\pi/2} Ic(\phi) \cos^2 \phi \sin \phi \, d\phi}{\int_0^{\pi/2} Ic(\phi) \sin \phi \, d\phi} \quad (5)$$

(wherein fc is the orientation factor,  $\phi$  is the declination in the in-plane direction of the film, and Ic( $\phi$ ) is the diffraction intensity for the declination  $\phi$ )

25 10. A molded article according to claim 7, which is a fiber.

maximum intensity.

- 11. A molded article according to claim 7, wherein the average number of layers  $N_{\text{C}}$  of the laminar silicate is no greater than 5, as calculated by the Scherrer formula from the line diffraction peak and its full width of half
  - 12. A process for production of a polyester resin

composition according to claim 1, characterized by production with a step of (A) polymerization of a dicarboxylic acid or its ester derivative with an aliphatic glycol, and/or a hydroxycarboxylic acid in the 5 presence of a laminar silicate that has been ion-exchanged with an organic phosphonium ion to 60-100% with respect to the ion exchange capacity, to obtain a polyester resin composition with a laminar silicate content of 0.01-30 parts by weight with respect to 100 parts by weight of the 10 polyester, and a step of (B) melt-kneading at a shear rate of 250/s or greater at a temperature above the melting point of the polyester.

13. A process for production of a polyester resin composition according to claim 12, wherein the polyester resin composition containing the laminar silicate obtained by polymerization step (A) comprises at least 50% of a laminar silicate with an interlayer distance d<sub>A</sub> of 2.0 nm or greater calculated from the X-ray diffraction peak, and the average number of layers N<sub>A</sub> of the laminar silicate calculated by the Scherrer formula based on the line diffraction peak and its full width of half maximum intensity is no greater than 7.